# ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS AND KNOT INVARIANTS 

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#### Abstract

In this talk, for a knot $K$ in 3 -sphere $S^{3}$, we define algebraic varieties $\mathcal{F}^{(d)}(K)(d=1,2,3)$ in a complex space $\mathbb{C}^{N}$ in the following steps. For a braid presentation $\sigma$ of a knot $K$, we first construct finitely many polynomials $\left\{p_{\sigma, i}\right\}_{i}$ on $\mathbb{C}^{N}$ by using an action of the braid $\sigma$ on the Kauffman bracket skein module (KBSM) of a handlebody at $t=-1$ with trace-free condition. Then the ideal $\mathcal{S L}^{(3)}(\sigma)$ generated by the polynomials $\left\{p_{\sigma, i}\right\}_{i}$ gives an algebraic variety $\mathcal{F}^{(3)}(\sigma)$ via the Hilbert Nullstellensatz. In fact, $\mathcal{F}^{(3)}(\sigma)$ turns out to be invariant under the Markov moves and thus becomes a knot invariant. This is a desired variety $\mathcal{F}^{(3)}(K)$. The above process can be used for restrictions $\mathcal{S} \mathcal{L}^{(2)}(\sigma)$ and $\mathcal{S} \mathcal{L}^{(1)}(\sigma)$ of the ideal $\mathcal{L}^{(3)}(\sigma)$. Then we can get knot invariants $\mathcal{F}^{(d)}(K)(d=1,2)$.

The first variety $\mathcal{F}^{(1)}(K)$ is actually trivial invariant. The third one $\mathcal{F}^{(3)}(K)$ can be considered as a variety containing "a section" of the $S L(2, \mathbb{C})$-character variety of the knot group by using Bullock's theorem (quantization of the $S L(2, \mathbb{C})$-character variety). This view point gives relationships of the variety $\mathcal{F}^{(3)}(K)$ with the number of $S L(2, \mathbb{C})$-irreducible metabelian characters of the knot group (the knot determinant), and moreover the maximal degree (or span) of the Apolynomial $A_{K}(m, l)$ in terms of $l$, which polynomial is a knot invariant introduced by Cooper, Culler, Gillet, Long and Shalen. Regarding the second variety $\mathcal{F}^{(2)}(K)$, the quotient ring $\mathbb{C}\left[x_{1}, \cdots, x_{n}\right] / \mathcal{S L}^{(2)}(\sigma)$ ( $n \leq N$ ) turns out to be isomorphic to the degree 0 knot contact homology which was researched by L. Ng in detail.

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